

## Online final exam practical questions ED

Definition of refractive indices. Law of light refraction. Factors influencing the value of index of refraction. <i>Parts and functions of Abbe-refractometer.</i>
Definition of critical angle and total reflection. Formation of Snell circle. <i>Parts and functions of Abbe-refractometer.</i>
Definition of absorbance and transmission. Relation between absorbance and transmission. Lambert-Beer law. <i>Parts and functions of an absorption spectrometer.</i>
Definition of absorption spectra. Information gathered from the absorption spectra. <i>Parts and functions of an absorption spectrometer.</i>
Definition of polarized light. Connection between linearly and circularly polarized light. Definition and interpretation of optical activity. <i>Parts and function of polarimeter.</i>
Definition of specific rotation. Factors influencing the specific rotation. Biot-law. <i>Parts and function of polarimeter.</i>
Focal accommodation of the eye. Measuring focal accommodation. Refractive media and image formation of the eye. <i>Refractive disorders of eye and the way for correction of them.</i>
Definition of limiting angle of vision and visual acuity. Measuring visual acuity. Factors influencing visual acuity. <i>Refractive disorders of eye and the way for correction of them.</i>
<i>Parts and function of scintillation counters.</i> Processes happening in the scintillation crystal.
<i>Parts and function of scintillation counters.</i> Processes happening in the PM tube. Signal selection. Sources of noise pulses.
Attenuation of gamma radiation. Definition of half value thickness and attenuation coefficient. <i>Parts and function of scintillation counter.</i>
Definition of mass attenuation coefficient. The dependence of mass attenuation coefficients due to different processes on the photon energy. <i>Parts and function of scintillation counter.</i>
Definition of oscillation, harmonic oscillation, damped and undamped free oscillation. Definition of driven oscillation. <i>The concept of resonance and the interpretation of the resonance curve.</i>
Elastic deformation. Hooke's law. <i>The concept of resonance and the interpretation of the resonance curve.</i>
Definition of impedance. Characterization of ohmic resistance and capacitive reactance. <i>Electric model of the skin and the possible simplifications on the model.</i>
Definition of basic dose concepts (absorbed dose, exposure, equivalent and effective dose) and dose rate. <i>Function of thermoluminescence dosimeter.</i>
Definition of basic dose concepts (absorbed dose, exposure, equivalent and effective dose) and dose rate. <i>Parts and function of ionization chambers.</i>
Definition of electric gain. Calculating gain level. <i>Frequency response curve of the amplifier.</i>
<i>Frequency response curve of the amplifier.</i> Negative feedback. Advantage and disadvantage of negative feedback.
<i>Parts and function of Coulter-counter.</i>

Concept of diffusion. Definition of concentration gradient. Fick's first law. <i>The shape and time dependence of the concentration distribution of the diffusing material (in the case of a point-like initial distribution).</i>
Parts and function of X-ray tube. <i>Spectrum of X-ray tube.</i>
<i>Spectrum of X-ray tube.</i> The effect of voltage, current and anode material on the X-ray spectrum.
The law of (X-ray radiation) decay. Definition of half value thickness and attenuation coefficient. <i>The relationship between mass attenuation coefficient of photoeffect and the atomic number of the absorbent.</i>
Definition of mass attenuation coefficient. Dependence of (partial) mass attenuation coefficients on the photon energy. <i>The relationship between mass attenuation coefficient of photoeffect and the atomic number of the absorbent.</i>
<i>Parts and function of scintillation counters.</i> Processes happening in the scintillation crystal.
<i>Parts and function of scintillation counters.</i> The pulse amplitude spectrum of gamma radiation in the scintillation counter.
Definition of sound. The human hearing range (frequency, intensity). <i>Shape and interpretation of hearing threshold curve.</i>
Connection between sound intensity and sensation - phon and son scales. <i>Shape and interpretation of the audiogram.</i>
Characterization of monostable multivibrators. <i>Schematic structure of a pacemaker, typical time parameters.</i>
Characterization of bistable multivibrators. <i>Schematic structure of a pacemaker, typical time parameters.</i>
Interpret the formation of an ECG curve. Concept of active and passive electrodes. <i>Plotting an integral vector in the Einthoven triangle.</i>
Function of differential amplifier. Comparison of Einthoven and Wilson lead systems. <i>Plotting an integral vector in the Einthoven triangle.</i>
Definition of volume flow rate. Continuity law. <i>Interpretation of Hagen-Poiseuille law.</i>
Definition of stationary, pulsed; laminar, turbulent flow. <i>Interpretation and assumptions of Hagen-Poiseuille law.</i>
Concept of receptor and action potentials. Concept of frequency and amplitude coding. <i>Interpretation of Weber-Fechner law.</i>
Schematic description of sensory process. <i>Interpretation of Stevens law.</i>
Decay law of X-ray radiation. Interpretation of HU scale. <i>Comparison of summation image and CAT-scan image.</i>
Theoretical background of CAT-scan image formation. Shannon-Nyquist law. <i>Comparison of summation image and CAT-scan image.</i>
Definition of sound. Production and detection of ultrasound. <i>Reflection of US: A, B and M echo images.</i>
Definition of sound. Production and detection of ultrasound. <i>Doppler principle and Doppler US image.</i>