

Physical bases of dental material science

## Biomechanics Biomolecular and dental tissue mechanics

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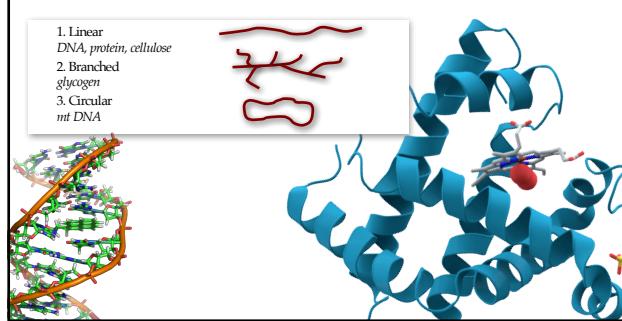
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## Biomolecules are polymers

Common feature: Linear primary structure (protein, DNA)  
Strong bonds between monomers (covalent)  
Weaker interactions between distant region of polymer chain

1. Linear  
DNA, protein, cellulose  
2. Branched  
glycogen  
3. Circular  
mt DNA




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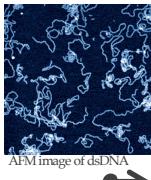
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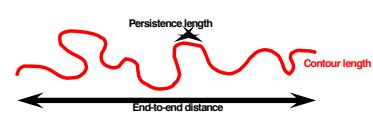
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## What is the shape of biopolymers?

Parameters to describe the shape of polymer

  
AFM image of dsDNA



Contour length (L): Full length of the chain  
End-to-end distance (R): Distance between chain termini.

Persistence length ( $\ell$ ): describe the persistence of chain orientation.

$$\langle \cos \varphi \rangle = e^{-\frac{\Delta s}{\ell}}$$

Shorter persistence length polymers are more flexible.

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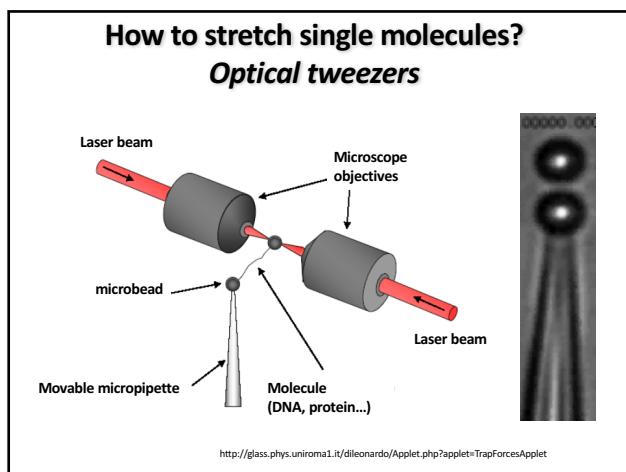
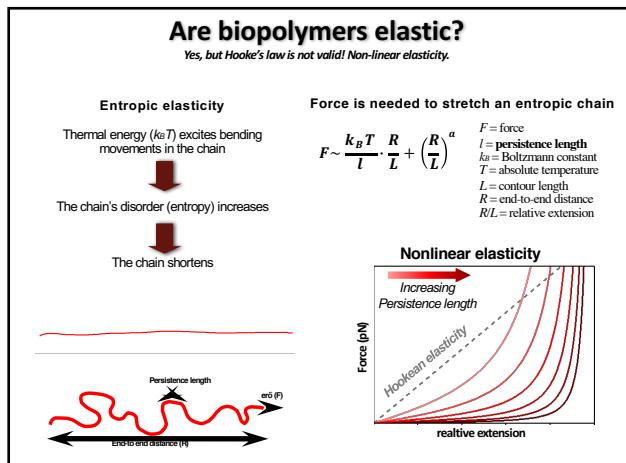
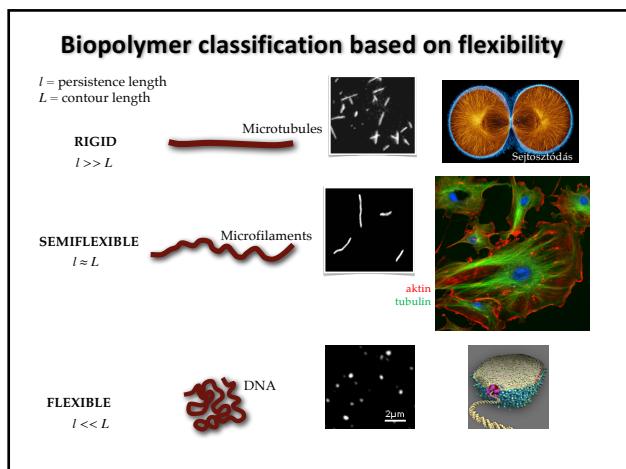
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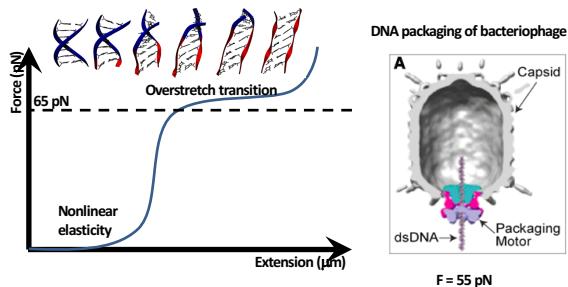
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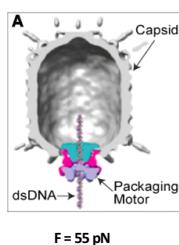
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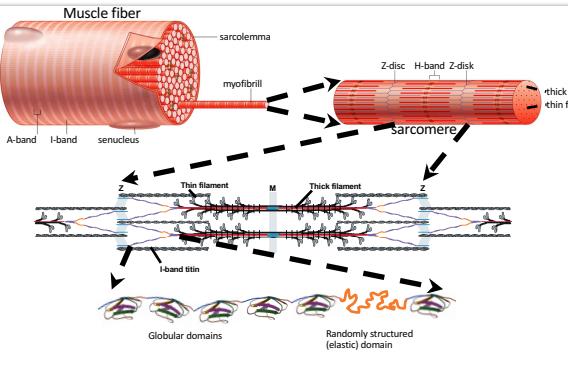
### Stretching dsDNA with optical tweezers



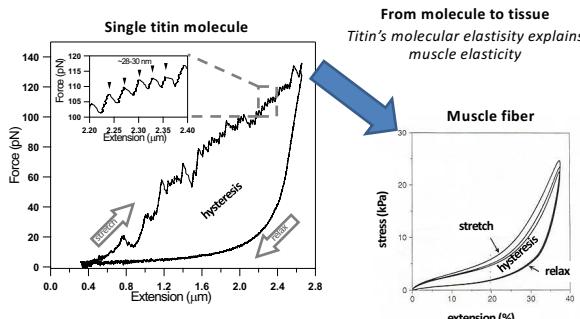
DNA packaging of bacteriophage



### Titin: elastic filament of the sarcomere



### Titin is the main determinant of muscle elasticity



## Dental tissue mechanics




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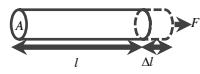
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## Basics of tissue mechanics

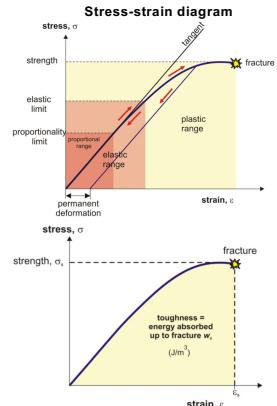
Hookean elasticity



$$\frac{F}{A} = E \frac{\Delta l}{l}$$

$F$  = force  
 $A$  = cross sectional area  
 $l$  = rest length  
 $\Delta l$  = extension

$F/A = \sigma$  = stress ( $N/m^2 = Pa$ )  
 $\Delta l/l = \varepsilon$  = strain (dimensionless)  
 $E = \sigma / \varepsilon$  Young's modulus ( $Pa$ )




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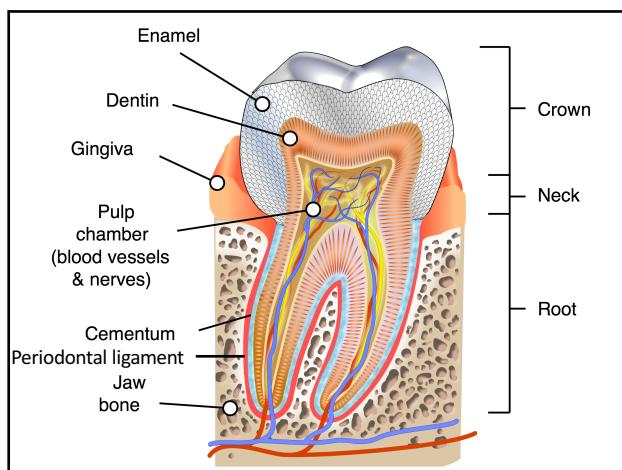
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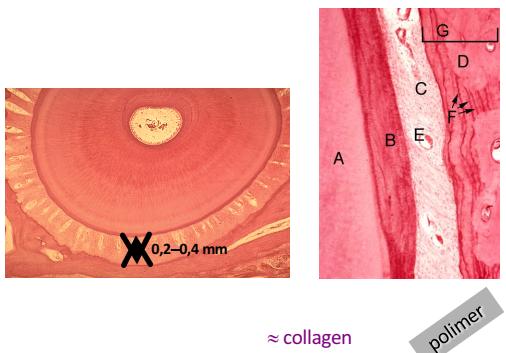
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## Periodontal ligament




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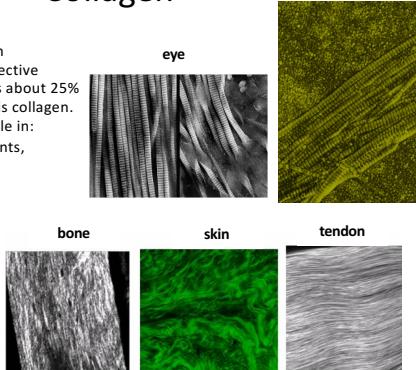
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## Collagen

Structural protein, main component of connective tissues, in mammals about 25% of the total protein is collagen.

Has an important role in:

- tendons, ligaments,
- skin,
- cartilage,
- bone,
- tooth,
- blood vessels
- vitreous humor,
- cornea,
- etc.




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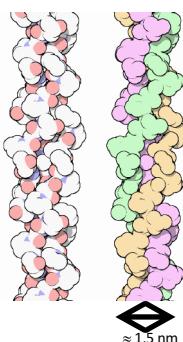
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## The collagen molecule



- 1400 amino acids/chain
- glicin (1/3), prolin (1/10), hidroxiprolin, ...
- 3 chains → triple helix

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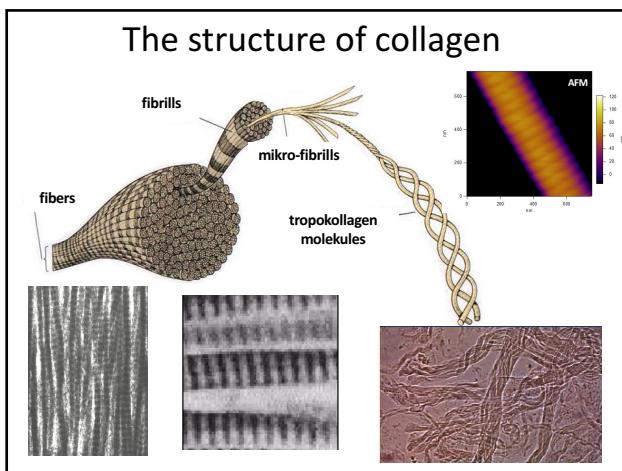
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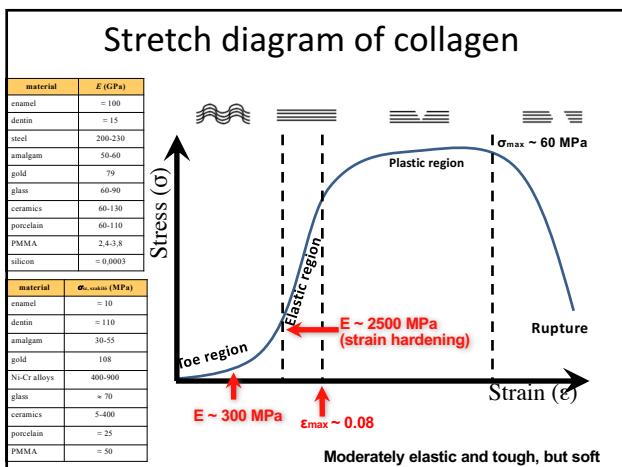
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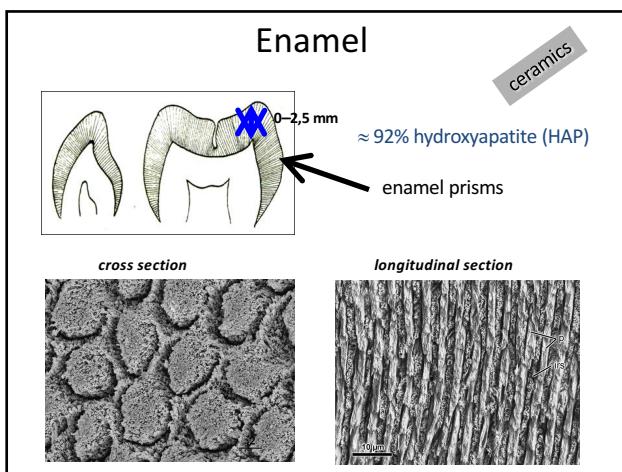
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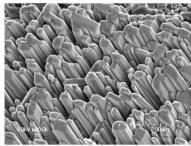
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## Hydroxyapatite

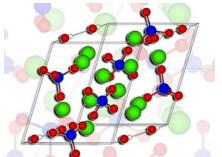
$\text{Ca}_{10}(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH})_2$



**hexagonal ionic cristal**



in dentin and bone  
20-60 nm x 6 nm crystals  
in enamel:  
500-1000 nm x 30 nm crystals




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## Properties of hydroxyapatite

**Mohs scale:**

material	$HV$ (MPa)
enamel	= 3400
dentin	= 600
amalgam	= 1000
gold	600-250
gold alloys	600-250
Pd-Ag alloys	1400-1900
Cu-Cr alloys	= 4000
Ni-Cr alloys	3000-4000
glass	
porcelain	4500-7000
acrylate	= 200

**HAP:**  $HV \approx 6 \text{ GPa}$     $E \approx 140 \text{ GPa}$     $\sigma_s \approx 60 \text{ MPa}$  (bending)  
 $\approx 500 \text{ MPa}$  (compression)

**enamel:**  $HV \approx 3\text{-}6 \text{ GPa}$     $E \approx 90\text{-}100 \text{ GPa}$     $\sigma_s \approx 50 \text{ MPa}$  (tension)  
 $\approx 400 \text{ MPa}$  (compression)

Rigid, hard, strong but brittle!

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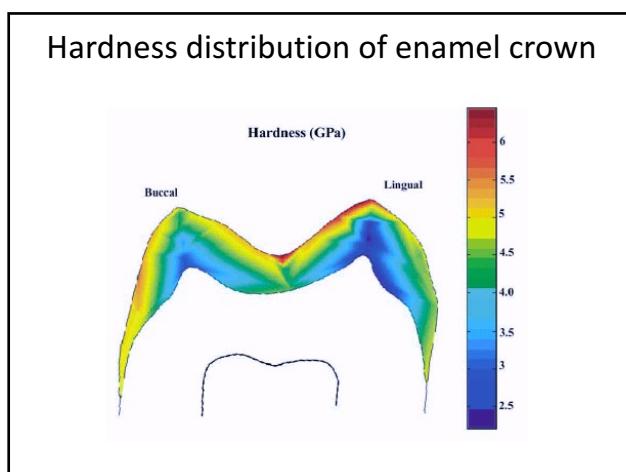
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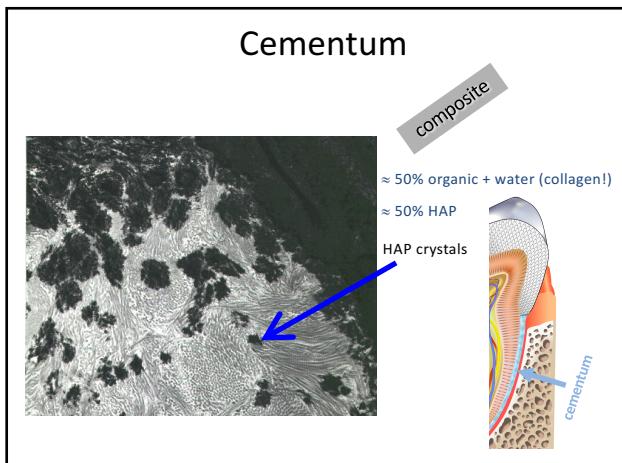
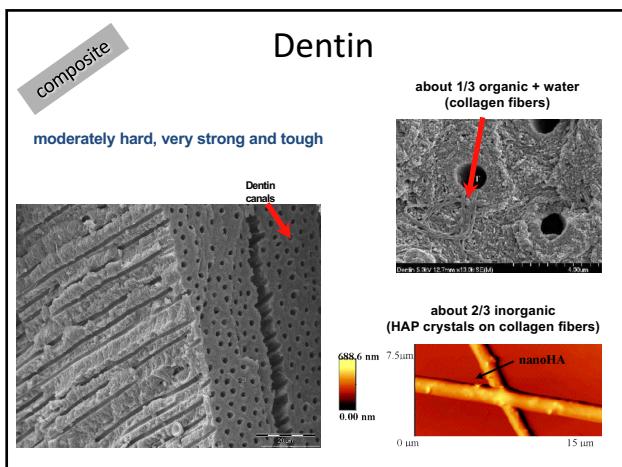
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**Summary**

	PDL (≈ collagen)	dentin (≈1/3 collagen, 2/3 apatite)	enamel (≈ apatite)
stiffness ( $E$ ) (GPa)	0,3–2,5	10–20	90–100
strength ( $\sigma_{max}$ ) (MPa)	60	110 (tensile) 300 (compress)	50 (tensile) 400 (compress)
toughness (kJ/m <sup>3</sup> )	1–10	0,5–5	0,1–1
hardness HV (GPa)		0,5–1	3–6

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